R18 Restructuring foreign debt

Proposer: Partido Verde Argentina

Resolution text

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- The Global Greens support the restructuring of the foreign debt of developing
- countries, based not only on financial criteria, but also considering climate
- and environmental imperatives.
- 4 The Global Greens acknowledge that restructuring of foreign debt will enable
- 5 developing countries to invest in addressing the climate crisis and protecting
- nature in line with the Paris Agreement and the 2030 Agenda.
- 7 The Global Green acknowledge that:
 - For many developing countries, their debt burden provides an overwhelming barrier to addressing climate change.
 - Developing countries are among the most vulnerable to climate change.
 - Reconversion of foreign debt (also called 'debt-for-climate swaps') can help developing countries take climate action.
 - Debts can be 'bought back' in local currency and reinvested in climate protection.
 - Debt-for-climate swaps allow debtor countries to make payments in local currency for climate projects, instead of continuing to make external payments on outstanding loans in 'hard' currency (money issued by a politically and economically stable nation).
 - This means debtor countries can reduce their foreign debt without drawing down scarce foreign reserves.
- The Global Greens advance that the benefits of the restructuring of foreign debt could include:
 - Support for forest conservation and protection of other carbon sinks.
 - Boosting clean and efficient energy.
 - Reducing short-lived climate pollutants.
 - Cleaning up air pollution.
- The Global Greens acknowledge the following potential additional benefits:
 - Revenue generated by debt-for-climate swaps projects can be used to buy and install climate-friendly technologies.
 - Debt-for-climate swaps projects also provide valuable information that can enable environmental legislation, including a moratorium on deforestation permits and recognising indigenous people's territories.

- 33 The Global Greens resolve that the restructuring of foreign debt should be
- scaled up to meet the rapidly increasing costs of both global debt and climate
- 35 impacts.